County of Presque Isle, Michigan

Basic Financial Statements

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

COUNTY OF PRESQUE ISLE, MICHIGAN

ORGANIZATION

MEMBERS OF THE COUNTY COMMISSION

CHAIR PERSON ALLAN H. BRUDER

COMMISSIONER MICHAEL A. DARGA

COMMISSIONER STEPHEN LANG

COMMISSIONER ROBERT SCHELL

COMMISSIONER CARL ALTMAN

ELECTED OFFICIALS

COUNTY TREASURER PATRICIA J. CORNETT

COUNTY CLERK SUSAN M. RHODE

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ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

KINROSS OFFICE
PHILLIP J. WOLF, CPA, PRINCIPAL
SUE A. BOWLBY, CPA, PRINCIPAL
KENNETH A. TALSMA, CPA, PRINCIPAL

MEMBER AICPA
DIVISION FOR CPA FIRMS
MEMBER MACPA
OFFICES IN
MICHIGAN & WISCONSIN

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners County of Presque Isle, Michigan Rogers City, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Presque Isle, Michigan as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

As described in Note 1, the financial statements do not include the 2007 component unit financial statements of the Presque Isle County Road Commission which represents 99% of the assets and revenues of all component units of Presque Isle County, in accordance with governmental generally accepted accounting principles.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, because of the omission of the discretely presented component unit, as discussed above, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the County of Presque Isle, Michigan as of the six months ended June 30, 2008, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

Board of Commissioners County of Presque Isle, Michigan Page 2

In addition, in our opinion, except for the effects of omitting the component unit as discussed above, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Presque Isle, Michigan as of the six months ended June 30, 2008, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Further, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the County of Presque Isle, Michigan, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the six months then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated October 2, 2008 on our consideration of the County of Presque Isle, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis has not been presented which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of the basic financial statements.

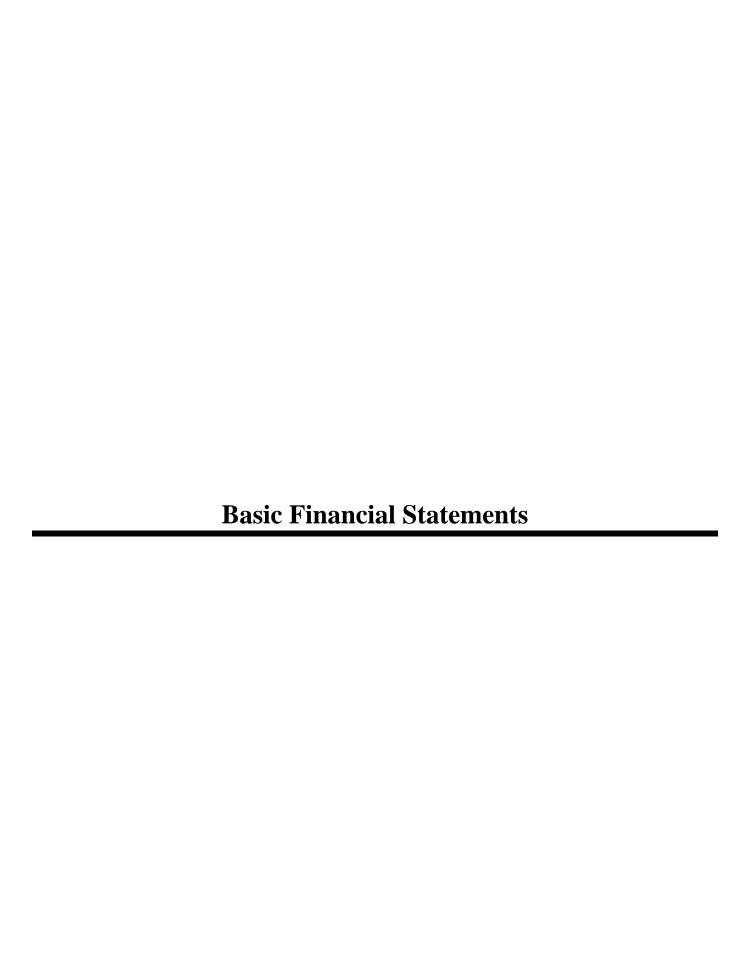
The budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Presque Isle, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC

Certified Public Accountants

October 2, 2008



Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

	Primary Government						
		vernmental		isiness-type		C	omponent
		Activities		Activities	 Totals		Unit
ASSETS:							
Current Assets:							
Cash & Investments	\$	3,329,518	\$	1,353,262	\$ 4,682,780	\$	31,082
Receivables:							
Taxes		-		1,142,016	1,142,016		-
Interest		-		140,427	140,427		-
Notes		-		-	-		103,452
Loans		100,767		-	100,767		-
Due from Governmental Units		109,689		55,370	165,059		-
Non-current Assets:							
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		2,810,842		2,031,211	 4,842,053		74,558
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,350,816	\$	4,722,286	\$ 11,073,102	\$	209,092
LIABILITIES:							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	188,700	\$	15,279	\$ 203,979	\$	_
Accrued Liabilities		53,633		-	53,633		_
Due to Governmental Units		-		76,566	76,566		-
Notes Payable		_		1,050,000	1,050,000		-
Non-current Liabilities:				, ,	, ,		
Compensated Absences		4,060			 4,060		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		246,393		1,141,845	1,388,238		
NET ASSETS:							
Invested in Capital Assets (net of related debt)		2,810,842		2,031,211	4,842,053		74,558
Restricted for Special Projects		1,383,717		-	1,383,717		-
Unrestricted		1,909,864		1,549,230	 3,459,094		134,534
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	6,104,423	\$	3,580,441	\$ 9,684,864	\$	209,092

Statement of Activities For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

			Program Revenues				Revenue and Net Assets	
			Operating	Capital		Primary Governmen		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	<u> </u>	Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Unit
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
Legislative	\$ 47,135	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (47,135)	\$ -	\$ (47,135)	\$ -
Judicial	438,196	116,319	231,656	-	(90,221)	-	(90,221)	-
General Government	625,544	71,904	35,667	14,000	(503,973)	_	(503,973)	-
Public Safety	766,721	34,103	124,806	-	(607,812)	_	(607,812)	-
Health & Welfare	548,198	-	160,846	-	(387,352)	-	(387,352)	-
Community & Economic Development	189,754	34,344	107,925	-	(47,485)	-	(47,485)	-
Recreation & Culture	35,799	-	-	-	(35,799)	_	(35,799)	_
Other	586,803	_	_	_	(586,803)	_	(586,803)	_
Depreciation - Unallocated	2,454				(2,454)		(2,454)	
Total Governmental Activities	3,240,604	256,670	660,900	14,000	(2,309,034)		(2,309,034)	
Business-type activities:								
Airport	95,768	3,320	24,964	-	-	(67,484)	(67,484)	-
Tax Collection	102,084	157,529				55,445	55,445	
Total Business-type Activities	197,852	160,849	24,964			(12,039)	(12,039)	
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,438,456	\$ 417,519	\$ 685,864	\$ 14,000	(2,309,034)	(12,039)	(2,321,073)	
Component Unit:								
Economic Development	\$ 454	\$ 2,532	\$ -	\$ -				2,078
General Revenues:								
Taxes					543,964	_	543,964	-
Other					167,726	76,115	243,841	-
Interest Income					64,398	19,941	84,339	438
Loss on disposals					(6,985)	-	(6,985)	-
Transfers					50,000	(50,000)		
Total General Revenues and Transfers					819,103	46,056	865,159	438
Changes in Net Assets					(1,489,931)	34,017	(1,455,914)	2,516
Net Assets - Beginning					7,594,354	3,546,424	11,140,778	206,576
Net Assets - Ending					\$ 6,104,423	\$ 3,580,441	\$ 9,684,864	\$ 209,092
					,,.20	,,	,	. ===,===

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

	General	Revenue Sharing Reserve	S.R.O H.U.N.T.	Senior Citizens	Emergency Services	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:							
Cash & Investments	\$ 1,054,097	\$ 1,383,717	\$ 69,459	\$ 56,577	\$ 129,608	\$ 635,749	\$ 3,329,207
Receivables:							
Loans	_	-	-	-	69,000	31,767	100,767
Due from Governmental Units	55,562					54,127	109,689
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,109,659	\$ 1,383,717	\$ 69,459	\$ 56,577	\$ 198,608	\$ 721,643	\$ 3,539,663
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable	\$ 66,162	\$ -	\$ 7,039	\$ 27,538	\$ -	\$ 86,731	\$ 187,470
Accrued Liabilities	44,880	-	2,191	-	-	6,562	53,633
Deferred Revenue					69,000	31,767	100,767
TOTAL LIABILITIES	111,042		9,230	27,538	69,000	125,060	341,870
FUND BALANCES:							
Reserved	-	1,383,717	_	-	-	-	1,383,717
Unreserved:							
Designated for Special Purposes	-	-	_	29,039	-	596,583	625,622
Undesignated	998,617		60,229		129,608		1,188,454
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	998,617	1,383,717	60,229	29,039	129,608	596,583	3,197,793
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,109,659	\$ 1,383,717	\$ 69,459	\$ 56,577	\$ 198,608	\$ 721,643	
Reconciliation to amounts reported for governmental activities in	the statement of net assets:						0.501.054

Capital assets used by governmental activities Compensated absences liability Other long-term assets not available to pay current expenditures and therefore deferred in the funds Internal service funds included in governmental activities Net assets of governmental activities

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

REVENUES: Taxes \$ 58,413 \$ - \$ 149,770 \$ 335,781 \$ - \$ - Licenses & Permits 3,289 - - - - - Federal Sources - - - 101,668 - 70,120 State Sources 278,122 - - - 224,990 Local Sources - - - - 25,000 30,540 Charges for Services 206,470 - - - 40,144 Interest Income 26,828 30,784 163 45 1,379 5,164 Fines and Forfeitures 5,152 - - - - 5,230 Other Revenue 61,524 - - - - 40,280	\$ 543,964 3,289 171,788 503,112 55,540 246,614
Licenses & Permits 3,289 - <td>3,289 171,788 503,112 55,540 246,614</td>	3,289 171,788 503,112 55,540 246,614
Federal Sources - - - 101,668 - 70,120 State Sources 278,122 - - - - 224,990 Local Sources - - - - - 25,000 30,540 Charges for Services 206,470 - - - - 40,144 Interest Income 26,828 30,784 163 45 1,379 5,164 Fines and Forfeitures 5,152 - - - - 5,230	171,788 503,112 55,540 246,614
State Sources 278,122 - - - - 224,990 Local Sources - - - - - 25,000 30,540 Charges for Services 206,470 - - - - 40,144 Interest Income 26,828 30,784 163 45 1,379 5,164 Fines and Forfeitures 5,152 - - - - 5,230	503,112 55,540 246,614
Local Sources - - - - - 25,000 30,540 Charges for Services 206,470 - - - - - 40,144 Interest Income 26,828 30,784 163 45 1,379 5,164 Fines and Forfeitures 5,152 - - - - 5,230	55,540 246,614
Charges for Services 206,470 - - - - - 40,144 Interest Income 26,828 30,784 163 45 1,379 5,164 Fines and Forfeitures 5,152 - - - - 5,230	246,614
Interest Income 26,828 30,784 163 45 1,379 5,164 Fines and Forfeitures 5,152 - - - - 5,230	
Fines and Forfeitures 5,152 5,230	
	64,363
Other Revenue 61.574 40.280	10,382
	101,804
TOTAL REVENUES 639,798 30,784 149,933 437,494 26,379 416,468	1,700,856
EXPENDITURES:	
Legislative 47,135	47,135
Judicial 357,861 79,581	437,442
General Government 518,165 80,105	598,270
Public Safety 553,292 - 82,252 - 94,060	729,604
Health & Welfare 19,615 422,813 - 105,282	547,710
Community & Economic Development 189,754	189,754
Recreation & Cultural 18,017	18,017
Capital Outlay 210,533 80,212	290,745
Debt Service 12,980	12,980
Other Expenditures 677,657 - - - - - - 8,681	686,338
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,384,258 - 82,252 422,813 - 668,672	3,557,995
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,744,460) 30,784 67,681 14,681 26,379 (252,204)	(1,857,139)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Operating Transfers In 868,857 323,476	1,192,333
Operating Transfers Out (275,976) (868,750) (2,607)	(1,147,333)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (1,151,579) (837,966) 67,681 14,681 26,379 68,665	(1,812,139)
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1 2,150,196 2,221,683 (7,452) 14,358 103,229 527,918	
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30 \$ 998,617 \$ 1,383,717 \$ 60,229 \$ 29,039 \$ 129,608 \$ 596,583	5,009,932

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

Net Changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (1,812,139)

The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$403,260) exceeded depreciation (\$74,826) and loss on disposal (\$6,985) in the current period.

321,449

Deferred Revenues recognized as earned income.

6,768

Internal Service Activity

(6,009)

Changes in net assets of governmental activities

\$ (1,489,931)

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2008

Business - type Activities				
		ties	Activities	
	Enterprise Funds			
	Fur	nds	Tr. 4 - 1	T., 4 1
	Tax		Total Business-	Internal Service
	Collections	A import		Service Fund
ASSETS:	Collections	Airport	Туре	rulia
	ф. 1.210.755	¢ 22.507	¢ 1 252 262	Φ 211
Cash & Investments	\$ 1,319,755	\$ 33,507	\$ 1,353,262	\$ 311
Taxes Receivable	1,142,016	-	1,142,016	-
Due from Other Funds	102,000	-	102,000	-
Accrued Interest Receivable	140,427	-	140,427	-
Due from Other Governmental Units	55,370	-	55,370	-
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	-	2,031,211	2,031,211	19,468
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,759,568	\$ 2,064,718	\$ 4,824,286	\$ 19,779
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 15,279	\$ 15,279	\$ 1,230
Due to Other Governmental Units	76,566	· -	76,566	-
Due to Other Funds	102,000	_	102,000	_
Notes Payable	1,050,000		1,050,000	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,228,566	15,279	1,243,845	1,230
NET ASSETS:				
Invested in Capital Assets (net of related debt)	-	2,031,211	2,031,211	19,468
Unrestricted	1,531,002	18,228	1,549,230	(919)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 1,531,002	\$ 2,049,439	\$ 3,580,441	\$ 18,549

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Funds For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

Business - type Activities					
	Enter				
	Fun	Funds			
	Tax Collections	Airport	Total Business- Type	Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES:					
State Sources	\$ -	\$ 24,964	\$ 24,964	\$ -	
Local Sources	-	-	-	-	
Charges for Services	157,529	3,320	160,849	20,983	
Interest & Rentals	75,988	-	75,988	-	
Other Revenue	127		127		
Total Operating Revenues	233,644	28,284	261,928	20,983	
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personal Services	-	3,005	3,005	-	
Utilities	-	7,105	7,105	-	
Depreciation	-	55,701	55,701	5,621	
Repairs and Maintenance	-	12,265	12,265	15,258	
Other Supplies and Expenses	-	195	195	3,613	
Professional and Contractual Services	-	12,473	12,473	4,271	
General and Administrative	95,893	5,024	100,917	3,264	
Total Operating Expenses	95,893	95,768	191,661	32,027	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	137,751	(67,484)	70,267	(11,044)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest Income	19,931	10	19,941	35	
Interest Expense	(6,191)	-	(6,191)		
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	13,740	10	13,750	35	
Income (loss) before transfers	151,491	(67,474)	84,017	(11,009)	
Operating Transfers In	4,973	20,000	24,973	5,000	
Operating Transfers Out	(74,973)		(74,973)		
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	81,491	(47,474)	34,017	(6,009)	
NET ASSETS, JANUARY 1	1,449,511	2,096,913	3,546,424	24,558	
NET ASSETS, JUNE 30	\$ 1,531,002	\$ 2,049,439	\$ 3,580,441	\$ 18,549	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Types For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

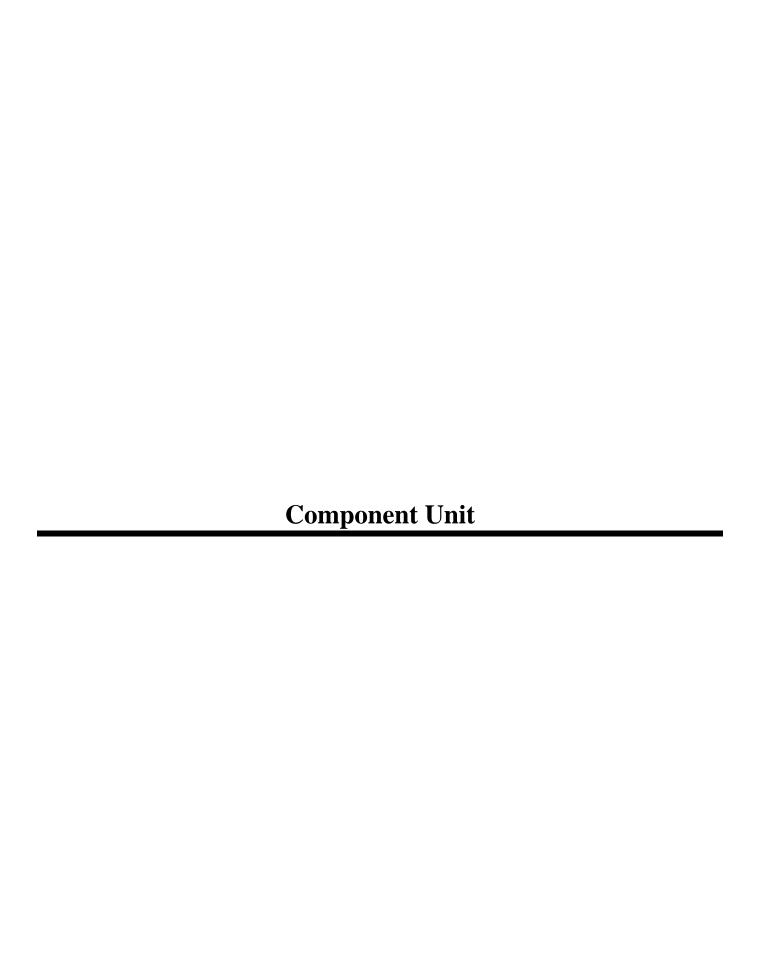
	Busi	Governmental Activities		
	Enter	Enterprise		
	Fu	nds	Total	Internal
	Tax		Business-	Service
	Collections	Airport	Туре	Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees	\$ 1,235,665 (1,705,571)	\$ 28,284 (25,476) (3,005)	\$ 1,263,949 (1,731,047) (3,005)	\$ - 20,983 (28,503)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(469,906)	(197)	(470,103)	(7,520)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	4,973 (74,973)	20,000	24,973 (74,973)	5,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	(70,000)	20,000	(50,000)	5,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from notes	1,050,000	-	1,050,000	-
Purchase of capital assets	-	-	-	(3,909)
Interest payments	(6,191)	-	(6,191)	-
Principal payments	(515,000)		(515,000)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	528,809		528,809	(3,909)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest income	19,931	10	19,941	35
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	19,931	10	19,941	35
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,834	19,813	28,647	(6,394)
Balances - Beginning of the Year	1,310,921	13,694	1,324,615	6,705
Balances - End of the Year	\$ 1,319,755	\$ 33,507	\$ 1,353,262	\$ 311
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$ 137,751	\$ (67,484)	\$ 70,267	\$ (11,044)
Depreciation Expense Change in Assets and Liabilities:	-	55,701	55,701	5,621
(Increase)Decrease in Assets: Taxes Receivable	(582,343)		(582,343)	
Accrued Interest Receivable	(582,343) (72,270)	-	(582,343) (72,270)	-
Due from Other Governmental Units	(19,995)	-	(19,995)	_
Due from Other Funds	(102,000)	-	(102,000)	-
Increase(Decrease) in Liabilities:	(,300)		·	
Due to Other Funds	102,000	-	102,000	-
Accounts Payable	-	11,586	11,586	(2,097)
Due to Other Governmental Units	66,951		66,951	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (469,906)	\$ (197)	\$ (470,103)	\$ (7,520)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2008

ASSETS:	Private Purpose Employee Retirement	Agency Funds
Cash & Investments		
Unrestricted	\$ 36,109	\$ 101,836
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 36,109	\$ 101,836
LIABILITIES:		
Due to Other Governmental Units	\$ -	\$ 5,590
Undistributed Tax Collections	-	2,467
Undistributed Receipts		93,779
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	\$ 101,836
NET ASSETS:		
Held in Trust for Other Purposes	\$ 36,109	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

	Private Purpose Employee Retirement
ADDITIONS:	
Contributions:	
Employer & Employee	\$ 136,266
Total Contributions	136,266
DEDUCTIONS:	
Benefits	105,602
Total Deductions	105,602
Changes in Net Assets	30,664
Net Assets, Beginning of the Year	5,445
Net Assets, End of the Year	\$ 36,109

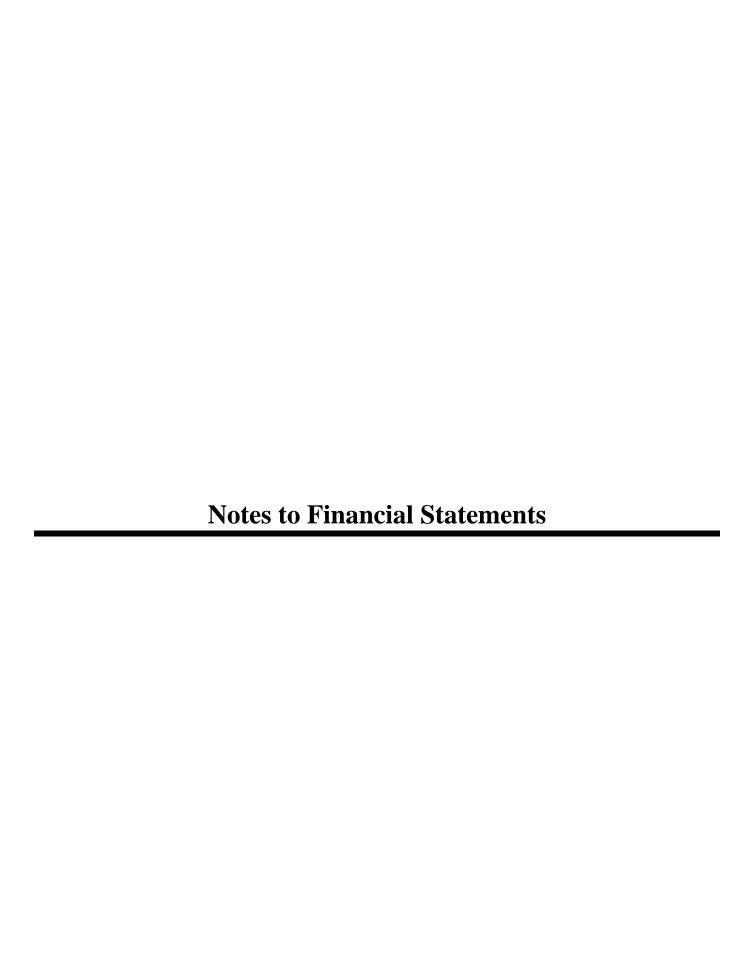


Statement of Net Assets Component Unit June 30, 2008

	De	conomic velopment orporation
ASSETS:		
Cash & Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	31,082
Notes Receivable		103,452
Capital Assets (net)		74,558
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	209,092
NET ASSETS:		
Invested in Capital Assets	\$	74,558
Unrestricted		134,534
TOTAL NET ASSETS		209,092
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	209,092

Statement of Activities Component Unit For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

					Program	Revenues				
					Operating		Capital		Net (Expense)	
			Ch	arges for	Gran	ts and	Grants and		Rev	renue and
Functions/Program	Ex	penses	S	Services		butions	Contributions		Changes in Net Assets	
Economic Development Corporation										
Community/Economic Development	\$	454	\$	2,532	\$		\$		\$	2,078
Total Component Unit	\$	454	\$	2,532	\$		\$	-		2,078
General Revenues: Interest Income										438
Total General Revenues										438
Changes in Net Assets										2,516
Net Assets - Beginning										206,576
Net Assets - Ending									\$	209,092



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the County of Presque Isle, Michigan, conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the County:

A – Reporting Entity

Presque Isle County was established under the authority granted by the Constitution and the State of Michigan. The County is governed by an elected Board of Commissioners consisting of five members. The County provides services to its residents in many areas including law enforcement, fire protection, community enrichment and development, and human services.

Provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 provide criteria for determining the reporting entity. The criteria was established for various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity's financial statement based on legal separation, oversight, financial accountability, and fiscal dependency.

Component Units:

In conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of component units have been included in the financial reporting entity either as blended component units or as discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Units

County Development Commission:

The financial statements include the financial data of the Presque Isle County Development Commission ("Development Commission"). The Development Commission is an entity legally separate from the County, organized under the authority of Public Act 46 of 1966. It is governed by a Board appointed by the County Commission and is fiscally dependent of the County. Its primary purpose is to promote economic development within the County of Presque Isle. As such, it is reported as a Special Revenue Fund of the County; that is, a blended component unit.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Road Commission:

The basic financial statements do not include the financial data of the County's component unit, the Presque Isle County Road Commission (the "Road Commission"). This unit would be reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The County appoints a majority of the members of the governing board of the Road Commission. The County also has the ability to significantly influence the operations of the Road Commission and must approve bonded debt. A complete financial statement of the Road Commission can be obtained from the Presque Isle County Road Commission, 657 S. Bradley Highway, Rogers City, Michigan, 49779. The Road Commission fiscal year end is December 31st.

Economic Development Corporation of Presque Isle County (EDCPIC):

The EDCPIC was created on June 29, 2000 pursuant to the provisions of the Economic Development Corporations Act, Act No. 338, Public Acts of 1974, as amended. The EDCPIC is an entity legally separate from the County. It is governed by a Board appointed by the County Commission and is fiscally independent of the County. Its primary purpose is to promote economic development within the County of Presque Isle.

Multi-County Agencies

The County participates jointly in the operation of the District Health Department #4 with Alpena, Cheboygan, and Montmorency Counties. All financial operations of the District Health Department are recorded in Alpena County. The funding formula requires the County to provide approximately 57% of the budget appropriations requirement, which amounted to \$47,243 for the six months ended June 30, 2008.

The County participates jointly in the operation of the Northeast Michigan Community Mental Health Authority with Alpena, Alcona, and Montmorency Counties. All financial operations of the Authority are recorded in Alpena County. The funding formula requires the County to provide approximately 24% of the budget appropriation requirement, which amounted to \$21,800 for the six months ended June 30, 2008.

B – Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

C – Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Fiscal Year – Effective January 1, 2008, the County changed its fiscal year end to June 30th as allowed by state statute. Therefore, this report contains information only for the six months ended June 30, 2008.

<u>Taxes Receivable – Current or Property Taxes</u>

The County of Presque Isle property tax is levied on each December 1st and July 1st on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by State statutes) located in the County of Presque Isle as of the preceding December 31st.

Although the County of Presque Isle 2007 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2007, and 2008 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible on July 1, 2008, it is the County of Presque Isle's policy to recognize revenue from the current tax levy in the current year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made "available" for the financing of operations. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be paid from the delinquent tax revolving funds within one year.

The December 1, 2007 taxable valuation of the County of Presque Isle totaled \$613,602,354, on which ad valorem taxes levied of .2436 mills for H.U.N.T. and .4945 for Senior Citizens. These amounts are recognized in the respective Special Revenue Funds financial statements as revenue.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The July 1, 2007 taxable valuation of the County of Presque Isle totaled \$613,602,354, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 5.7400 mills for the General Fund, this amount is recognized in the General Fund.

All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Revenue Sharing Reserve

This Fund accounts for restricted funds that are limited to amounts previously reported as state revenue sharing distributed annually, which can be used to fund governmental operations.

S.R.O. – H.U.N.T.

This fund accounts for the collection of the tax millage for the School Resource Officer and Huron Undercover Narcotics Team.

Senior Citizens

This fund accounts for the operation of the senior citizen program.

Emergency Services

This fund accounts for loans to various townships in the County for emergency services equipment.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

Tax Collection Fund

This fund accounts for property tax administration within the County.

Airport Fund

This fund accounts for airport operations that provide services to citizens, financed primarily by user charges, or activities where the periodic measurement of net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund

This fund accounts for purchases of data processing equipment for the various departments of the government.

Agency Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

Private Purpose Trust Fund

This fund accounts for fiduciary resources held in trust and the receipt, investment, and distribution of retirement contributions.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The government has elected not to follow private-sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its business-type activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's tax collection function and various other functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of proprietary funds relate to charges to customers for tax collections. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, and administrative expenses. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

<u>Bank Deposits and Investments</u> – Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. Pooled investment income from all funds and is allocated to each fund based on average cash balance. Deposits are recorded at cost.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D - Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

<u>Receivables and Payables</u> – In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on December 1st and July 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	40 to 60 years
Building Improvements	15 to 30 years
Roads	10 to 30 years
Vehicles	3 to 5 years
Office Equipment	5 to 7 years
Computer Equipment	3 to 7 years
Infrastructure – Roads	8 to 20 years
Infrastructure – Bridges	12 to 30 years

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: - Under existing union contracts and County policies, all regular full-time employees are eligible for paid leave based on length of service. Vacation days must be used each year, prior to December 31st of that year. County employees are given (12) twelve days of sick time when hired. They may accumulate ½ day each month. Every January employees are paid 50% of any unused sick leave accumulated over the twelve days.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u> – In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

<u>Deferred Revenues</u> – Deferred revenues are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not.

<u>Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues</u> – Federal grants and assistance awards for all governmental type funds are recorded as intergovernmental revenue in accordance with the terms of the representative grants.

<u>Interfund Transfers</u> – During the course of normal operations, the County has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as operating transfers. The classification of amounts recorded as subsidies, advances, or equity contributions is determined by County management.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u> – Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Budgets and Budgetary Control</u> – The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Each June, after receiving input from the individual departments, the Board of Commissioners prepares a proposed operating budget for the fiscal period commencing July 1st and lapses on June 30th. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to July 1st, the budget is legally enacted through a resolution passed by the Board of Commissioners.
- d. Budgetary control is exercised at the departmental level of the General Fund. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department or fund (i.e., budget amendments) require approval by the Board of Commissioners. Such amendments are made in accordance with the procedures prescribed under Public Act 621 of 1978.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

- e. The budget and approved appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- f. The County does not record encumbrances in the accounting records during the year as normal practice and, therefore, no outstanding encumbrances exist at year end.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or amended by the Board of Commissioners during the period. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for budgetary purposes.

The General Fund revenue budget was adopted on the basis of activities or programs financed by the General Fund.

Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978 (the Budgeting Act) requires that budgets be adopted for Governmental Funds. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial statements present budgetary comparisons for the Governmental Fund Types for which budgets were legally adopted. The original budget adopted for the General fund was modified throughout the year through various budget amendments.

The budget document presents information by fund, function, department and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the department level.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At year end, the County's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

		Activities	nental Business-Type Total Primaties Activities Government		-	Fiduciary Funds		_	Component Units	
Cash and Investments - Unrestricted Restricted	\$	3,283,764 45,754	\$	1,353,262	\$	4,637,026 45,754	\$	137,945	\$	31,082
Total	<u>\$</u>	3,329,518	\$	1,353,262	\$	4,682,780	\$	137,945	\$	31,082

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

	<u>G</u>	Fiduciary Funds	 Component Units	
Public Money Market Funds	\$	1,963,247	\$ -	\$ -
Bank Deposits (checking and savings accounts, certificates of deposit)		2,716,088	137,945	31,082
Petty Cash and Cash on Hand Total	\$	3,445 4,682,780	\$ 137,945	\$ 31,082

Cash is restricted in the County Development Commission for future community development.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At year end, the County's Primary Government has the following investments at fair value:

	Fair Value	Concentration	Rating
Primary Government:			
Public Money Market Funds	<u>\$ 1,963,247</u>	100%	A

Interest rate risk. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial deposit credit risk. Custodial deposit credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the County does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$3,371,091 of the County's bank balance of \$3,777,311 was exposed to credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial investment credit risk. Custodial investment credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the County's \$1,963,247 in investments, \$1,963,247 is not in the name of the County, but in the name of the agent.

Statutory Authority:

Michigan Law (Public Act 20 of 1943 as amended) authorizes the County to deposit and invest in one or more of the following:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a financial institution that is eligible to be a depository of funds belonging to the State under a law or rule of this State or the United States.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Repurchase agreements consisting of instruments listed in a.
- e. Banker's acceptance of United States banks.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- f. Obligations of this State or any of its political subdivisions that at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by not less than one standard rating service.
- g. Mutual funds registered under the investment company act of 1940, Title I of Chapter 686, 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C. 80a-1 to 80a-3 and 80a-4 to 80a-64, with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- h. Obligation described in a. through g. if purchased through an interlocal agreement under the urban cooperations act of 1967, 1967 (Ex Sess) PA 7, MCL 124.501 to 124.512.
- i. Investment pools organized under the surplus funds investment pool act, 1982 PA 367, 129.111 to 129.118.
- j. The investment pools organized under the local government investment pool act, 1985 PA 121, MCL 129.141 to 129.150.

The County's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

These deposits are in various financial institutions in varying amounts. All accounts are in the name of the County and specific funds. They are recorded in County records at cost. Interest is recorded when the deposits mature or is credited to the applicable account.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the current year was as follows:

	Beginning Increases/ Balances Adjustments		Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Φ 740.100	Φ 200.522	Φ	Φ 1.046.622
Land	\$ 748,100	\$ 298,532	<u> </u>	\$ 1,046,632
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Building Improvements	2,295,935	-	-	2,295,935
Machinery and equipment	1,183,565	108,637	(24,300)	1,267,902
Subtotal	3,479,500	108,637	(24,300)	3,563,837
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Building Improvements	(940,168)	(36,281)	-	(976,449)
Machinery and equipment	(796,328)	(44,166)	17,316	(823,178)
Subtotal	(1,736,496)	(80,447)	17,316	(1,799,627)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1,743,004	28,190	(6,984)	1,764,210
Governmental Activities Capital Assets,				
Net of Depreciation	\$ 2,491,104	\$ 326,722	<u>\$ (6,984)</u>	\$ 2,810,842

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases/ Adjustments	Decreases	Ending Balances	
Business-type Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 523,700	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>	\$ 523,700	
Capital assets being depreciated: Land and improvements Building and Building Improvements Equipment	1,990,950 45,000 162,000	- - -	- - -	1,990,950 45,000 162,000	
Subtotal	2,197,950	=		2,197,950	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Land and improvements Buildings and Building Improvements Equipment Subtotal	(553,388) (27,350) (54,000) (634,738)	(49,774) (527) (5,400) (55,701)	- - - -	(603,162) (27,877) (59,400) (690,439)	
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1,563,212	(55,701)	_	1,507,511	
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 2,086,912	<u>\$ (55,701)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,031,211	

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Judicial	\$ 754
General Government	16,231
Public Safety	37,117
Health and Welfare	488
Park and Recreation	17,782
Unallocated	8,075
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 80,447
Business Activities:	
Airport	<u>\$ 55,701</u>

The following is a summary of changes for the Economic Development Corporation of Presque Isle County:

	Beginning Balances		C		Decre	eases_		Ending alances
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land	<u>\$</u>	74,558	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	74,558

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The County reports interfund balances between some of its funds. Some of the balances are considered immaterial and are aggregated into a single column or row. The total of all balances agrees with the sum of interfund balances presented in the statements of net assets for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

		DUE TO OTHER FUNDS
FROM R FUNDS		Tax Collection
DUE F	Tax Collection	<u>\$ 102,000</u>
IOTO	Total	<u>\$ 102,000</u>

All balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

			TR	RANSF	ERS OUT		
TRANSFERS IN	General Fund Tax Collections Airport All Other	eneral rund - - - 275,976	\$ Revenue Sharing Reserve 868,750		Tax <u>llections</u> - 4,973 20,000 50,000	\$ All Others 107 2,500	\$ Total 868,857 4,973 20,000 328,476
	Total	\$ 275,976	\$ 868,750	\$	74,973	\$ 2,607	\$ 1,222,306

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) moves receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The government issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Bond and contractual obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	Interest Rate	Principal Matures	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities Tax Anticipation Notes: 2007 Tax Notes Series 2008 Tax Notes Series	variable* variable*	2008 2009	\$ 515,000	\$ - 1,050,000	\$ (515,000) \$	1,050,000	\$ - 1,050,000
Total Business-Type Activities			\$ 515,000	\$ 1,050,000	<u>\$ (515,000)</u> <u>\$</u>	1,050,000	\$ 1,050,000

^{*} Interest payments vary according to payment dates and interest rates.

A summary of vested benefits payable at June 30, 2008 is as follows:

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County of Presque Isle signed the Michigan Township Participating Plan, which is a risk management program that will lessen or prevent the incidence or severity of casualty losses in the operations of its members. The programs are subject to change in the future. The pooling agreement allows for the pool to make additional assessments to make the pool self-sustaining. The County is unable to provide an estimate of the amounts of any potential additional assessments.

NOTE 8 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County has received significant financial assistance from state and federal agencies in the form of various grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreement and is subject to audit by the grantor agency. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the applicable fund of the County. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the County at June 30, 2008.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS

Description of Plan and Plan Assets

The County is in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). The system provides the following provisions: normal retirement, deferred retirement and service retirement to plan members and their beneficiaries. The service requirement is computed using credited service at the time of termination of membership multiplies by the sum of 2.0 percent times the final compensation (FAC). The most recent period of which actuarial data was available was for year ended December 31, 2007.

MERS was organized pursuant to Section 12A of Act #156, Public Acts of 1851 (MSA 5.333 (a); MCLA 46.12 (a), as amended, State of Michigan. MERS is regulated under Act No. 427 of Public Acts of 1984, sections of which have been approved by the State Pension Commission. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the MERS at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917-9755.

Funding Policy

The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by negotiation with the County's competitive bargaining unit and personnel policy, which require employees to contribute to the plan. The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate.

The contribution rate as a percentage of payroll for the six months ended June 30, 2008 is as follows:

Courthouse Employees	9.79%
Sheriff Department	7.31%
Jail	8.68%
Elected and Appointed Officials	11.10%
Commissioners	-0-%

Annual Pension Cost

During the six months ended June 30, 2008, the County's contributions totaling \$101,352 were made in accordance with contribution requirement determined by an actuarial valuation of the plan as of December 31, 2006. The employer contribution rate has been determined based on the entry age normal funding method. Under the entry age normal cost funding method, the total employer contribution is comprised of the normal cost plus the level annual percentage of payroll payment required to normal cost is, for each employee, the level percentage of payroll contribution (from entry age to retirement) required to accumulate sufficient assets at the member's retirement to pay for his projected benefit. Significant actuarial assumptions used include a long-term investment yield rate of 8 percent and annual salary increases of 4.5 percent based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity, and promotional salary increases. The unfunded actuarial liability is amortized as a level percent of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period is 30 years.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Three year trend information as of December 31, follows:

	2005		2006		2007	
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	6,038,316	\$	6,527,053	\$	7,012,022
Actuarial Accrued Liability		7,077,866		7,610,975		8,118,333
Unfunded AAL		1,039,550		1,083,922		1,106,311
Funded Ratio		85%		86%		86%
Covered Payroll		1,978,875		1,993,029		2,093,469
UAAL as a Percentage of						
Covered Payroll		53%		54%		53%

Year		Annual	Percentage	Net		
Ended]	Pension	of APC	Pension		
Dec 31	Co	ost (APC)	Contributed	<u>Obligation</u>		
2005	\$	178,282	100%	0		
2006		180,413	100%	0		
2007		189,253	100%	0		

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTIES

The County conducts business with various local financial institutions as the County's depositories. Specifically, Huron National Bank and Citizen's National Bank hold deposits of the County, which at the six months ended amounted to \$1,922,320 and \$972,589, respectively. Several County Commissioners and the County Treasurer are stockholders in Huron National Bank. Additionally, some County Commissioners own stock in Citizen's National Bank.

NOTE 11 - NOTES RECEIVABLE

The following is a summary of the notes receivable:

	Balance]	Balance		
	01	/01/08	Additions		Reductions			06/30/08	
Economic Development	\$	83,901	\$	34,000	\$	14,449	\$	103,452	

NOTE 12 - DEFICIT FUND EQUITY BALANCES

A fund equity deficit existed in the following funds as indicated:

USDA	\$ 180
Building and Zoning	1,574

The County plans to recover these deficits with transfers from the general fund.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

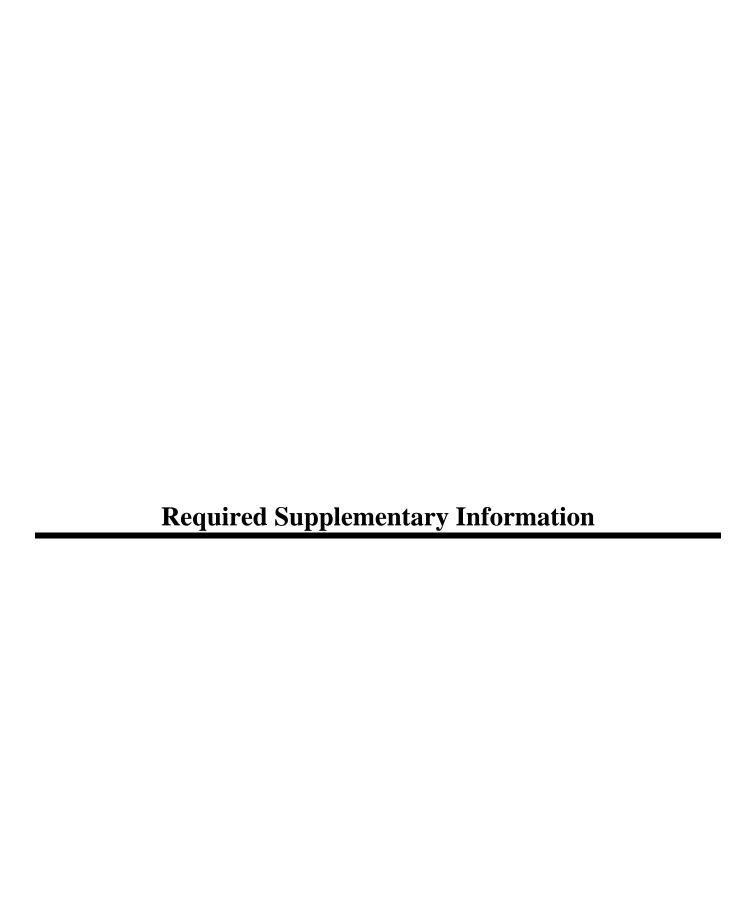
NOTE 13 - FUND EQUITY DESIGNATIONS/RESERVATIONS

Fund equity designations can be described as follows:

Special Revenue	\$ 592,735	Designated for Fund Purpose
Capital Projects	27,007	Designated for Capital Projects
Debt Service	5,880	Designated for Debt Service

Fund equity reservations are described as follows:

Revenue Sharing Reserve \$ 1,383,717 Reserved for Revenue Sharing



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

								riance with nal Budget -
		Budgeted	Amounts	3				Positive
	0	riginal		Final	Actu	al Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	202,177	\$	201,953	\$	58,413	\$	(143,540)
Licenses & Permits		1,350		1,081		3,289		2,208
State Sources		238,856		223,866		278,122		54,256
Charges for Services		214,715		189,437		206,470		17,033
Interest Income		26,300		21,120		26,828		5,708
Fines & Forfeitures		9,000		5,153		5,152		(1)
Other Revenue		73,049		34,530		61,524		26,994
TOTAL REVENUES		765,447		677,140		639,798		(37,342)
EXPENDITURES:								
Legislative:								
Board of Commissioners		47,824		47,135		47,135		-
Judicial:								
Circuit Court		84,700		79,023		79,023		-
Family Court		71,211		82,189		82,189		-
District Court		78,546		67,775		67,775		-
Jury Board		2,700		2,796		2,796		-
Probate Court		98,504		103,061		103,061		-
Circuit Court Probation		3,800		3,116		3,116		-
Negotiations		2,500		-		-		-
Public Guardian		13,500		19,901		19,901		-
Total Judicial		355,461		357,861		357,861		-
General Government:								
County Clerk		91,550		91,253		91,253		-
Equalization		58,800		62,411		62,411		-
Prosecuting Attorney		128,683		122,949		122,949		-
County Surveyor		23,567		19,848		19,848		-
Treasurer		47,450		53,954		53,954		-
Cooperative Extension		48,010		44,508		44,508		-
Buildings & Grounds		69,751		75,874		75,874		-
Register of Deeds		48,571		43,324		43,324		-
Plat Board		250		-		-		-
Drain Commissioner		5,970		4,044		4,044		-
Total General Government		522,602		518,165		518,165		-

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

Public Safay Publ					Variance with
Public Safety: Sheatiff-Martine Strownhobile Road 319,602 332,163		Dudanta			Final Budget -
Public Safety: Sheril/Marine/Snowmobile/Road 319,602 332,163 332,163 332,163 342,163				A atual Amounta	
Sheriff Marine Snowmobile Road 319,602 332,163 332,163	Dublic Sefety:	Original	Fillal	Actual Alliounts	(Negative)
DARE	-	310 602	332 163	332 163	
Corrections					_
Emergency Services					_
Animal Control 31,130 29,977 29,977					=
Health & Welfare:					
Medical Examiner	Total Public Safety	553,275	553,292	553,292	
Contagious Disease	Health & Welfare:				
Veterans Services 9,675 9,652 9,652 . Total Health & Welfare 22,275 19,615 19,615 - Other Expenditures: Health Insurance 299,000 292,091 292,091 - Social Security 84,000 93,589 93,589 - Retirement Benefits 93,354 101,352 101,352 - Bonds and Insurance 40,100 86,466 86,466 - Duplicating 7,710 6,793 6,793 6,793 - Contingencies (13,987) - - - - Cominumications 13,500 16,430 16,430 - Capital Outlay 210,000 210,533 210,533 210,533 - Total Other Expenditures 822,848 888,190 888,190 - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,324,285 2,384,258 2,384,258 - EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,558,838) (1,707,118) (1,744,460) (37,342) <td>Medical Examiner</td> <td>12,100</td> <td>9,963</td> <td>9,963</td> <td>_</td>	Medical Examiner	12,100	9,963	9,963	_
Veterans Services 9,675 9,652 9,652 - Total Health & Welfare 22,275 19,615 19,615 - Other Expenditures: Health Insurance 299,000 292,091 292,091 - Social Security 84,000 93,589 93,589 - Retirement Benefits 93,354 101,552 101,352 - Bonds and Insurance 40,100 86,466 86,466 - Duplicating 7,710 6,793 6,793 6,793 - Contingencies (13,987) - - - - Communications 15,500 16,430 16,430 - Capital Outlay 210,000 210,533 210,533 210,533 - Appropriations to Other Governmental Units 89,171 80,936 80,936 - Total Other Expenditures 22,324,285 2,384,258 2,384,258 - EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,558,838) (1,707,118) (1,744,460)	Contagious Disease		- -	· -	_
Other Expenditures: Health Insurance 299,000 292,091 292,091 - Social Security 84,000 93,589 93,589 - Retirement Benefits 93,354 101,352 101,352 - Bonds and Insurance 40,100 86,466 86,466 - Duplicating 7,710 6,793 6,793 - Contingencies (13,987) Communications 13,500 16,430 16,430 - Capital Outlay 210,000 210,533 210,533 - Appropriations to Other Governmental Units 89,171 80,936 80,936 - Total Other Expenditures 822,848 888,190 888,190 - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,324,285 2,384,258 2,384,258 - EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,558,838) (1,707,118) (1,744,460) (37,342) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers Out (285,976) (275,976) (275,976) - EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES S (1,576,064) \$ (1,714,344) (1,151,579) \$ 562,765 FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1 2,150,196		9,675	9,652	9,652	
Health Insurance 299,000 292,091 292,091 292,091 292,091 292,091 325,000 33,889 34,890 36,793 36	Total Health & Welfare	22,275	19,615	19,615	
Health Insurance 299,000 292,091 292,091 292,091 292,091 292,091 325,000 33,889 34,890 36,793 36	Other Expenditures:				
Retirement Benefits 93,354 101,352 101,353 101		299,000	292,091	292,091	-
Bonds and Insurance	Social Security	84,000	93,589	93,589	-
Duplicating 7,710 6,793 6,793 - Contingencies (13,987)	Retirement Benefits	93,354	101,352	101,352	-
Contingencies	Bonds and Insurance	40,100	86,466	86,466	-
Communications	Duplicating	7,710	6,793	6,793	-
Capital Outlay 210,000 210,533 210,533 - Appropriations to Other Governmental Units 89,171 80,936 80,936 - Total Other Expenditures 822,848 888,190 888,190 - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,324,285 2,384,258 2,384,258 - EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,558,838) (1,707,118) (1,744,460) (37,342) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In 268,750 268,750 868,857 600,107 Operating Transfers Out (285,976) (275,976) (275,976) - EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES	Contingencies	(13,987)	-	-	-
Appropriations to Other Governmental Units 89,171 80,936 80,936 - Total Other Expenditures 822,848 888,190 888,190 - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,324,285 2,384,258 2,384,258 - EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,558,838) (1,707,118) (1,744,460) (37,342) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In 268,750 268,750 868,857 600,107 Operating Transfers Out (285,976) (275,976) (275,976) - EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,576,064) \$ (1,714,344) (1,151,579) \$ 562,765	Communications	13,500	16,430	16,430	-
Total Other Expenditures 822.848 888,190 888,190 - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,324,285 2,384,258 2,384,258 - EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,558,838) (1,707,118) (1,744,460) (37,342) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In 268,750 268,750 868,857 600,107 Operating Transfers Out (285,976) (275,976) (275,976) - EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,576,064) \$ (1,714,344) (1,151,579) \$ 562,765	Capital Outlay	210,000	210,533	210,533	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,324,285 2,384,258 2,384,258 - EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,558,838) (1,707,118) (1,744,460) (37,342) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In 268,750 268,750 868,857 600,107 Operating Transfers Out (285,976) (275,976) (275,976) - EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,576,064) \$ (1,714,344) (1,151,579) \$ 562,765 FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1 2,150,196	Appropriations to Other Governmental Units	89,171	80,936	80,936	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,558,838) (1,707,118) (1,744,460) (37,342) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In 268,750 268,750 868,857 600,107 Operating Transfers Out (285,976) (275,976) (275,976) - EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,576,064) \$ (1,714,344) (1,151,579) \$ 562,765	Total Other Expenditures	822,848	888,190	888,190	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In 268,750 268,750 868,857 600,107 Operating Transfers Out (285,976) (275,976) (275,976) - EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,576,064) \$ (1,714,344) (1,151,579) \$ 562,765 FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1 2,150,196	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,324,285	2,384,258	2,384,258	-
Operating Transfers In 268,750 268,750 868,857 600,107 Operating Transfers Out (285,976) (275,976) (275,976) - EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,576,064) \$ (1,714,344) (1,151,579) \$ 562,765 FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1 2,150,196	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,558,838)	(1,707,118)	(1,744,460)	(37,342)
Operating Transfers Out (285,976) (275,976) (275,976) - EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,576,064) \$ (1,714,344) (1,151,579) \$ 562,765 FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1 2,150,196	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,576,064) \$ (1,714,344) (1,151,579) \$ 562,765 FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1 2,150,196	Operating Transfers In	268,750	268,750	868,857	600,107
FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,576,064) \$ (1,714,344) (1,151,579) \$ 562,765 FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1 2,150,196	Operating Transfers Out	(285,976)	(275,976)	(275,976)	
FINANCING USES \$ (1,576,064) \$ (1,714,344) (1,151,579) \$ 562,765 FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1 2,150,196	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER				
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1 2,150,196	FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER				
	FINANCING USES	\$ (1,576,064)	\$ (1,714,344)	(1,151,579)	\$ 562,765
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30\$ 998,617	FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			2,150,196	
	FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30			\$ 998,617	

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Revenue Sharing Reserve For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

	 Budgeted	l Amounts	<u>. </u>			Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive
	 Original		Final	Actu	ual Amounts	(1	Negative)
REVENUES:							
Interest Income	\$ 51,750	\$	51,750	\$	30,784	\$	(20,966)
TOTAL REVENUES	 51,750		51,750		30,784		(20,966)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating Transfers Out	 (268,750)	1	(868,750)		(868,750)		-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER							
FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER							
FINANCING USES	\$ (217,000)	\$	(817,000)		(837,966)	\$	(20,966)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					2,221,683		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30				\$	1,383,717		

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule S.R.O.-H.U.N.T. For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

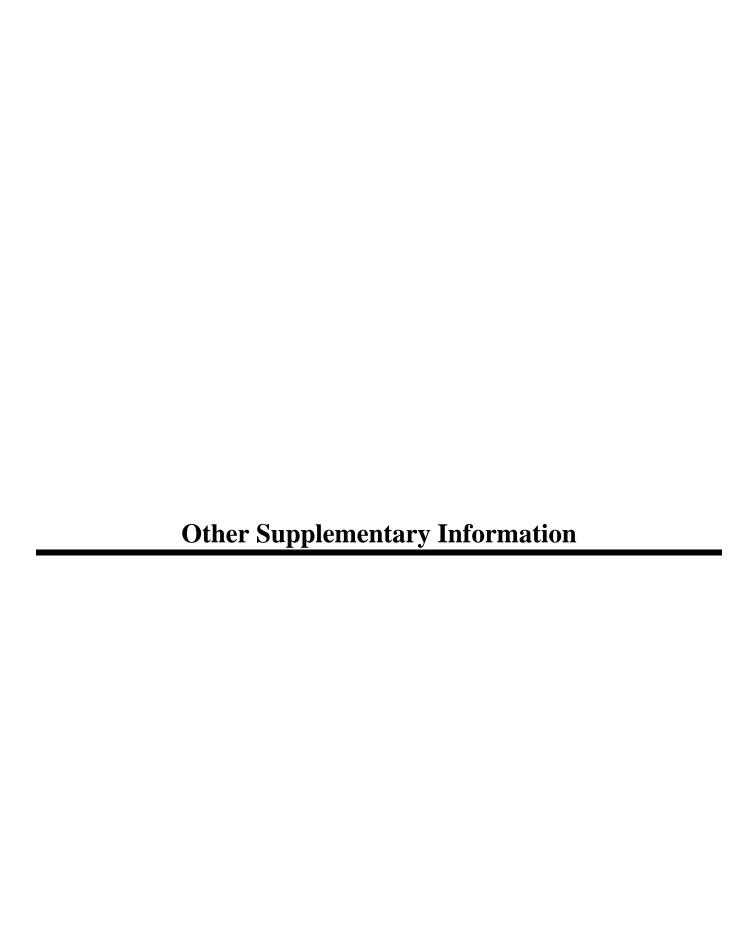
	 Budgeted Original	d Amounts	Final	Actu	al Amounts	Fina P	ance with I Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 149,474	\$	149,474	\$	149,770	\$	296
Interest Income	 2,500		2,500		163		(2,337)
TOTAL REVENUES	 151,974		151,974		149,933		(2,041)
EXPENDITURES:							
Public Safety	 81,796		82,252		82,252		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 70,178	\$	69,722		67,681	\$	(2,041)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					(7,452)		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30				\$	60,229		

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Senior Citizens For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

	 Budgeted Original	l Amounts	Final	Actu	al Amounts	Fina I	nance with al Budget - Positive Jegative)
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 303,426	\$	303,426	\$	335,781	\$	32,355
Federal Sources	21,705		21,705		101,668		79,963
Interest Income	 200		200		45		(155)
TOTAL REVENUES	 325,331		325,331		437,494		112,163
EXPENDITURES:							
Health and Welfare	 346,837		422,813		422,813		<u> </u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (21,506)	\$	(97,482)		14,681	\$	112,163
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					14,358		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30				\$	29,039		

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Emergency Services For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

	 Budgeted Priginal	l Amounts	Final	Actua	al Amounts	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive Jegative)
REVENUES:							
Local Sources	\$ -	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	25,000
Interest Income	 2,000		2,000		1,379		(621)
TOTAL REVENUES	 2,000		2,000		26,379		24,379
EXPENDITURES:							
Public Safety	 7,500		7,500		-		7,500
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (5,500)	\$	(5,500)		26,379	\$	31,879
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1					103,229		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30				\$	129,608		



					Sp	ecial	Revenue Fu	nds				
	and	e Survey Remon. Grant	County lections	arks &	911		riend of ne Court		ecovery	Drunk Driving	Local Unit ropriation	llding & Zoning
ASSETS: Cash & Investments Loans Receivable Due from Governmental Units	\$	3,611 - -	\$ 5,560 - 17,171	\$ 1,734	\$ 153,019 - 3,805	\$	81,596 - 13,095	\$	10,325	\$ 24,695	\$ 6,032	\$ 634
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,611	\$ 22,731	\$ 1,734	\$ 156,824	\$	94,691	\$	10,325	\$ 24,695	\$ 6,032	\$ 634
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Deferred Revenue	\$	- - -	\$ 12,946 - -	\$ 1,017 - -	\$ 3,495 3,554	\$	5,085 1,615	\$	3,366	\$ - - -	\$ 2,681	\$ 815 1,393
TOTAL LIABILITIES			 12,946	1,017	 7,049		6,700		3,366	 	 2,681	 2,208
FUND BALANCES: Unreserved: Designated		3,611	9,785	 717	149,775		87,991		6,959	 24,695	 3,351	 (1,574)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3,611	 9,785	 717	 149,775		87,991		6,959	 24,695	 3,351	 (1,574)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	3,611	\$ 22,731	\$ 1,734	\$ 156,824	\$	94,691	\$	10,325	\$ 24,695	\$ 6,032	\$ 634

								Sp	ecial F	Revenue Fu	nds						
	Re	egister of	(County								MSU					
		Deeds	Dev	elopment	Ι	Orug		Law		Law	Ex	tension	State	U	S.D.A.	Chil	dren's
	Te	chnology	Cor	nmission	For	feiture	Enf	orcement	I	Library		Grant	Grants	Gra	ant Fund	Tı	rust
ASSETS:																	
Cash & Investments	\$	71,370	\$	45,754	\$	768	\$	20,338	\$	8,925	\$	778	\$ 43,669	\$	-	\$	53
Loan Receivable		-		31,767		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Due from Governmental Units				2,500									 		4,000	-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	71,370	\$	80,021	\$	768	\$	20,338	\$	8,925	\$	778	\$ 43,669	\$	4,000	\$	53
LIABILITIES:																	
Accounts Payable	\$	32,625	\$	3,394	\$	-	\$	259	\$	1,036	\$	-	\$ 3,750	\$	4,180	\$	-
Accrued Liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Deferred Revenue				31,767									 				
TOTAL LIABILITIES		32,625		35,161				259		1,036			 3,750		4,180		
FUND BALANCES:																	
Unreserved:																	
Designated		38,745		44,860		768		20,079		7,889		778	 39,919		(180)		53
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		38,745		44,860		768		20,079		7,889		778	 39,919		(180)		53
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	71,370	\$	80,021	\$	768	\$	20,338	\$	8,925	\$	778	\$ 43,669	\$	4,000	\$	53

							Sp	ecial R	evenue Fu	nds							
	County	Н	ousing	De	partment						Jail						
	Housing	Con	nmission	of	Human			Ve	eterans	T	elephone	C	Capital	Co	urthouse	O	equeoc
	Commission	"F'	' - State	S	ervices	Cł	nild Care		Trust	F	Revenue	Acq	uisitions	Pre	servation	Red	creation
ASSETS:																	
Cash & Investments	\$ -	\$	6,220	\$	22,181	\$	41,231	\$	894	\$	19,057	\$	9,668	\$	20,556	\$	4,194
Loan Receivable	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Governmental Units							13,556						<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ -	\$	6,220	\$	22,181	\$	54,787	\$	894	\$	19,057	\$	9,668	\$	20,556	\$	4,194
LIABILITIES:																	
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,797	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,285
Accrued Liabilities	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Deferred Revenue																	
TOTAL LIABILITIES							9,797										2,285
FUND BALANCES:																	
Unreserved:																	
Designated			6,220		22,181		44,990		894		19,057		9,668		20,556		1,909
			6,220		22,181		44,990		894		19,057		9,668		20,556		1,909
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ -	\$	6,220	\$	22,181	\$	54,787	\$	894	\$	19,057	\$	9,668	\$	20,556	\$	4,194

		t Service Fund		Capital Pro	oject Fu	ınds	
			(County			
	En	ployee		Park	Cou	rthouse	
	Terr	nination	Cor	nstruction	Cons	struction	 Totals
ASSETS:							
Cash & Investments	\$	5,880	\$	26,696	\$	311	\$ 635,749
Loan Receivable		-		-		-	31,767
Due from Governmental Units							 54,127
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,880	\$	26,696	\$	311	\$ 721,643
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 86,731
Accrued Liabilities		-		-		-	6,562
Deferred Revenue							 31,767
TOTAL LIABILITIES							 125,060
FUND BALANCES:							
Unreserved:							
Designated		5,880		26,696		311	 596,583
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		5,880		26,696		311	 596,583
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,880	\$	26,696	\$	311	\$ 721,643

						S	Special Revenue Fur	nds					
	State Survey and Remon. Grant		County Elections	Parks & Recreation		911	Friend of the Court	Resource Recovery	Drunk Driving		Loc Uni Appropi	t	Building & Zoning
REVENUES:													
Federal Sources	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
State Sources		-	17,171	-		55,616	79,948	-	5,1	21		-	-
Local Sources		-	-	-		-	-	-		-		-	-
Charges for Services		-	-	-		-	6,369	-		-		-	21,858
Fines and Forfeitures		-	-	-		-	-	-		-		-	-
Interest Income		-	31	11		2,061	790	7	1	45		6	-
Other Revenue			631			24,557							
TOTAL REVENUES			17,833	11	_	82,234	87,107	7_	5,2	266		6	21,858
EXPENDITURES:													
Judicial		-	-	-		-	73,813	-		-		-	-
General Government	:	3	34,202	-		-	-	-		-		-	-
Public Safety		-	-	-		82,101	-	-		-		-	-
Health and Welfare		-	-	-		-	-	15,841		-		-	-
Community and Economic Development		-	-	-		-	-	-		-		-	41,938
Recreation and Culture		-	-	8,972		-	-	-		-		-	-
Appropriations to Other Governmental Units		-	-	-		-	-	-		-		8,681	-
Capital Outlay		-	-	-		-	-	-		-		-	-
Debt Service										_			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3	34,202	8,972	_	82,101	73,813	15,841				8,681	41,938
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(3)	(16,369)	(8,961))	133	13,294	(15,834)	5,2	266		(8,675)	(20,080)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):													
Operating Transfers In		-	10,000	10,500		-	-	22,500		-	Ţ	15,000	20,000
Operating Transfers Out			-									(2,500)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER													
FINANCING USES	(:	3)	(6,369)	1,539		133	13,294	6,666	5,2	266		3,825	(80)
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	3,61	<u> </u>	16,154	(822)	<u> </u>	149,642	74,697	293	19,4	129		(474)	(1,494)
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ 3,61	\$	9,785	\$ 717	\$	149,775	\$ 87,991	\$ 6,959	\$ 24,6	95	\$	3,351	\$ (1,574)

	Special Revenue Funds												
	Register of	County			_	MSU							
	Deeds	Development	Drug	Law	Law	Extension	State	U.S.D.A.	Children's				
	Technology	Commission	Forfeiture	Enforcement	Library	Grant	Grants	Grant Fund	Trust				
REVENUES:													
Federal Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ -				
State Sources	-	2,500	-	1,456	-	-	-	4,000	-				
Local Sources	19,507	4,151	-	2,114	2,500	-	-	-	-				
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Interest Income	856	21	-	184	-	-	-	-	-				
Other Revenue				180			-						
TOTAL REVENUES	20,363	6,672		3,934	2,500			14,000					
EXPENDITURES:													
Judicial	-	-	-	-	5,768	-	-	-	-				
General Government	45,069	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Public Safety	-	-	-	2,964	-	-	8,995	-	-				
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Community and Economic Development	-	37,725	-	-	-	-	6,250	-	-				
Recreation and Culture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Appropriations to Other Governmental Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,656	-				
Debt Service							-						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	45,069	37,725		2,964	5,768		15,245	25,656					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(24,706)	(31,053)	-	970	(3,268)	-	(15,245)	(11,656)	-				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):													
Operating Transfers In	-	29,500	-	2,000	6,500	-	55,000	11,476	-				
Operating Transfers Out													
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER													
FINANCING USES	(24,706)	(1,553)	-	2,970	3,232	-	39,755	(180)	-				
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	63,451	46,413	768	17,109	4,657	778	164		53				
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ 38,745	\$ 44,860	\$ 768	\$ 20,079	\$ 7,889	\$ 778	\$ 39,919	\$ (180)	\$ 53				

	Special Revenue Funds												
	County Housing Commission	Housing Commission "F" - State	Department of Human Services	Child Care	Veterans Trust	Jail Telephone Revenue	Capital Acquisitions	Courthouse Preservation	Ocqueoc Recreation				
REVENUES:					• •								
Federal Sources	\$ -	\$ 60,120	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
State Sources	-		-	58,340	838	-	-	-	-				
Local Sources	-		-	2,198	-	-	-	70	-				
Charges for Services	-	5,719	-	-	-	6,198	-	-	-				
Fines and Forfeitures	-		-	5,230	-	-	-	-	-				
Interest Income	-		270	85	-	111	-	171	-				
Other Revenue		-	80	9,982	-				4,850				
TOTAL REVENUES		65,839	350	75,835	838	6,309		241	4,850				
EXPENDITURES:													
Judicial	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
General Government	-		-	-	-	831	-	-	-				
Public Safety	-			-	-	-	-	-	-				
Health and Welfare	-		1,597	87,544	300	-	-	-	-				
Community and Economic Development	-	103,841	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Recreation and Culture	-			-	-	-	-	-	6,125				
Appropriations to Other Governmental Units	-			-	-	-	-	-	-				
Capital Outlay	-			-	-	-	53,556	-	-				
Debt Service		-	<u> </u>	-	-	-							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		103,841	1,597	87,544	300	831	53,556		6,125				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	(38,002	(1,247)	(11,709)	538	5,478	(53,556)	241	(1,275)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):													
Operating Transfers In	-		-	62,500	-	-	62,500	2,500	-				
Operating Transfers Out	(107)		<u> </u>		·	<u> </u>							
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER													
FINANCING USES	(107)	(38,002	(1,247)	50,791	538	5,478	8,944	2,741	(1,275)				
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	107	44,222	23,428	(5,801)	356	13,579	724	17,815	3,184				
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ -	\$ 6,220	\$ 22,181	\$ 44,990	\$ 894	\$ 19,057	\$ 9,668	\$ 20,556	\$ 1,909				

	Debt S			Capital Pro		
	Empl Termin	-	P	unty ark ruction	arthouse struction	Totals
REVENUES:						
Federal Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 70,120
State Sources		-		-	-	224,990
Local Sources		-		-	-	30,540
Charges for Services		-		-	-	40,144
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-	-	5,230
Interest Income		10		405	-	5,164
Other Revenue					 	 40,280
TOTAL REVENUES		10		405	 	 416,468
EXPENDITURES:						
Judicial		-		-	-	79,581
General Government		-		-	-	80,105
Public Safety		-		-	-	94,060
Health and Welfare		-		-	-	105,282
Community and Economic Development		-		-	-	189,754
Recreation and Culture		-		2,920	-	18,017
Appropriations to Other Governmental Units		-		-	-	8,681
Capital Outlay		-		-	1,000	80,212
Debt Service		12,980			 -	 12,980
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		12,980		2,920	 1,000	 668,672
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(12,970)		(2,515)	(1,000)	(252,204)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Operating Transfers In		12,500		-	1,000	323,476
Operating Transfers Out					 	 (2,607)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER						
FINANCING USES		(470)		(2,515)	-	68,665
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1		6,350		29,211	 311	 527,918
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	5,880	\$	26,696	\$ 311	\$ 596,583

Combining Statement of Net Assets Combining Major Tax Collection Enterprise Fund June 30, 2008

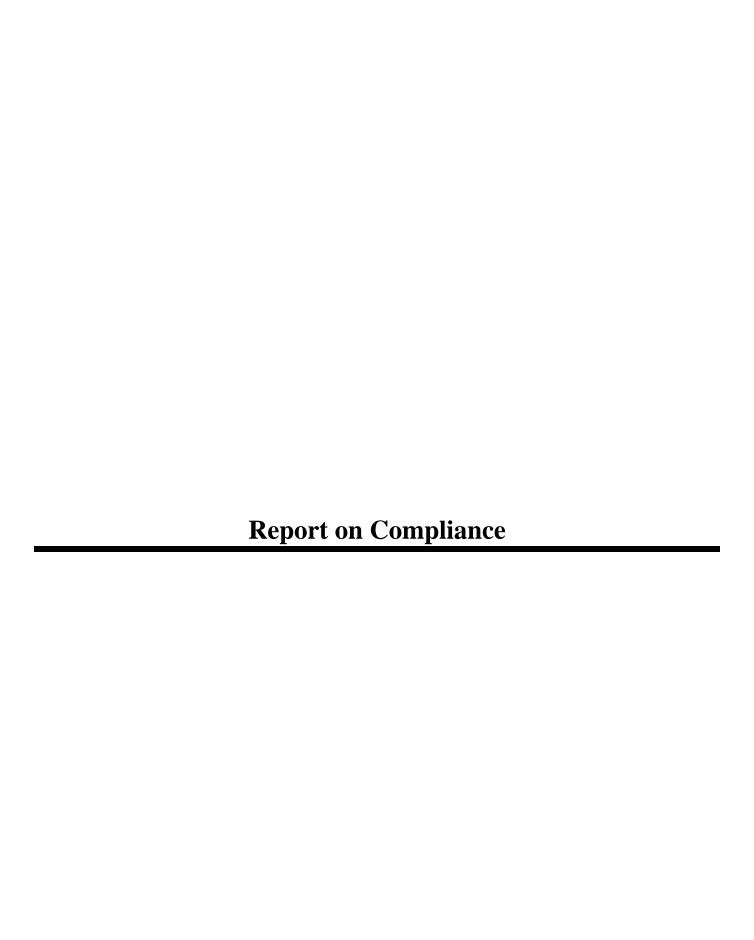
	mestead Denial	d 2005 Tax 2006 Tax Revolving Revolving		Tax 2007 Tax Revolving Revolving Reserve			evolving	Tr	County easurers Admin	County Foreclosure	Totals		
ASSETS:													
Cash & Investments	\$ 2,101	\$	116,368	\$	25,199	\$	162,594	\$	481,558	\$	4,620	\$ 527,315	\$ 1,319,755
Taxes Receivable	-		2,986		142,670		988,219		8,141		-	-	1,142,016
Due from Other Funds	_		_		-		-		102,000		-	-	102,000
Accrued Interest Receivable	_		_		69,173		71,254		-		_	-	140,427
Due from Other Governmental Units	_		15,271		31,890		1,701		2,817		-	3,691	55,370
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,101	\$	134,625	\$	268,932	\$	1,223,768	\$	594,516	\$	4,620	\$ 531,006	\$ 2,759,568
LIABILITIES:													
Due to Other Governmental Units	\$ 2,101	\$	_	\$	_	\$	69,125	\$	5,340	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 76,566
Due to Other Funds	· -		-		100,000		_		, -		_	2,000	102,000
Notes Payable	_		_		-		1,050,000		_		_	-	1,050,000
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·													 2,000,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,101		_		100,000		1,119,125		5,340		_	2,000	1,228,566
	_,				,		2,22,,222		-,				 -,,
NET ASSETS:													
Unrestricted	-		134,625		168,932		104,643		589,176		4,620	529,006	1,531,002
TOTAL NET ASSETS	-		134,625		168,932		104,643		589,176		4,620	529,006	1,531,002
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 2,101	\$	134,625	\$	268,932	\$	1,223,768	\$	594,516	\$	4,620	\$ 531,006	\$ 2,759,568

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets - Major Tax Collection Enterprise Fund For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

	Homestea Denial	d			007 Tax evolving	Tax Revolving Reserve		U			County reclosure		Totals			
OPERATING REVENUES:																
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	1,444	\$	12,698	\$	93,033	\$	9	\$	-	\$	50,345	\$	157,529
Interest Income		-		-		64,393		11,433		162		-		-		75,988
Other Revenue		-								127						127
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES				1,444		77,091		104,466		298				50,345		233,644
OPERATING EXPENSES:																
General and Administrative		-							38,980		2,532			54,381		95,893
Total Operating Expenses				<u> </u>				<u>-</u>		38,980		2,532		54,381		95,893
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)				1,444		77,091		104,466		(38,682)		(2,532)		(4,036)		137,751
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest Income Interest Expense		- -		13		53 (6,191)		177 -		8,489		- -		11,199		19,931 (6,191)
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)				13		(6,138)		177		8,489				11,199		13,740
Income (loss) before transfers		-		1,457		70,953		104,643		(30,193)		(2,532)		7,163		151,491
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		- -		<u>-</u>		- -		- -		(74,973)		4,973		- -		4,973 (74,973)
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS		-		1,457		70,953		104,643		(105,166)		2,441		7,163		81,491
NET ASSETS, JANUARY 1				133,168		97,979				694,342		2,179		521,843		1,449,511
NET ASSETS, JUNE 30	\$		\$	134,625	\$	168,932	\$	104,643	\$	589,176	\$	4,620	\$	529,006	\$	1,531,002

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Major Tax Collection Enterprise Fund Fo the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

		Homestead Denial				2005 Tax Levolving	2006 Tax Revolving		2007 Tax Revolving		Tax Revolving Reserve		County Treasurers Admin		County Foreclosure		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers Internal Activity - Payments/Receipts with Other Funds	\$	- - -	\$	78,750 - -	\$ 362,012 - 100,000	\$	745,630 (1,635,387)	\$	298 (13,271) (102,000)	\$	(2,532)	\$	48,975 (54,381) 2,000	\$	1,235,665 (1,705,571)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		-		78,750	 462,012		(889,757)		(114,973)		(2,532)		(3,406)		(469,906)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		- -		- -	 - -		- -		(74,973)		4,973		- 		4,973 (74,973)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		-			-		-		(74,973)		4,973				(70,000)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from Notes Interest Paid Principal Payments		- - -		- - -	(6,191) (515,000)		1,050,000		- - -		- - -		- - -		1,050,000 (6,191) (515,000)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital Financing Activities		-			(521,191)		1,050,000		_		-				528,809		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest Income		-		13	53		177		8,489		-		11,199		19,931		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities				13	53		177		8,489		_		11,199		19,931		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		_		78,763	(59,126)		160,420		(181,457)		2,441		7,793		8,834		
Balances - Beginning of the Year		2,101		37,605	84,325		2,174		663,015		2,179		519,522		1,310,921		
Balances - End of the Year	\$	2,101	\$	116,368	\$ 25,199	\$	162,594	\$	481,558	\$	4,620	\$	527,315	\$	1,319,755		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Change in Assets and Liabilities:	\$	-	\$	1,444	\$ 77,091	\$	104,466	\$	(38,682)	\$	(2,532)	\$	(4,036)	\$	137,751		
(Increase)Decrease in Assets: Taxes Receivable Accrued Interest Receivable Due from Other Governmental Units Due from Other Funds Increase(Decrease) in Liabilities:		- - -		60,494 21,781 (4,969)	317,857 (22,797) (10,139)		(988,219) (71,254) (1,701)		27,525 - (1,816) (102,000)		- - -		(1,370)		(582,343) (72,270) (19,995) (102,000)		
Due to Other Governmental Units Due to Other Funds		-		-	100,000		66,951		-		-		2,000		66,951 102,000		
			_				(000 ====		/44 * * = = *	_				-			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$		\$	78,750	\$ 462,012	\$	(889,757)	\$	(114,973)	\$	(2,532)	\$	(3,406)	\$	(469,906)		





ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

KINROSS OFFICE
PHILLIP J. WOLF, CPA, PRINCIPAL
SUE A. BOWLBY, CPA, PRINCIPAL
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MEMBER AICPA
DIVISION FOR CPA FIRMS
MEMBER MACPA
OFFICES IN
MICHIGAN & WISCONSIN

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Chairman and Members of The Board of Commissioners Presque Isle County Rogers City, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Presque Isle, Michigan, as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2008. Our report was modified for the omission of a discretely presented component unit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Presque Isle Michigan's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

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(906) 495-5952 / FAX 495-7312 E-mail: antack@antack.com Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners County of Presque Isle, Michigan

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in 08-2 in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that none of the significant deficiencies described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Presque Isle's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed two instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 08-1 and 08-3.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Presque Isle, Michigan in a separate letter dated October 2, 2008.

The County of Presque Isle, Michigan's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the County of Presque Isle, Michigan's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners County of Presque Isle, Michigan

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, audit committee, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

anderson Jackman . Co. P. C.

October 2, 2008

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH STATE STATUTES

Fund Equity Deficit Finding 08-1

Statement of Condition/Criteria: Public Act 275 requires that a deficit reduction plan be submitted to the State of Michigan within (90) days of the end of the fiscal year. As of June 30, 2008, the USDA and Building and Zoning Funds had immaterial accumulated fund equity deficits.

Effect: The County is not in compliance with Public Act 275.

Cause of Condition: Failure to implement a deficit reduction plan when required.

Recommendation: We recommend that the individual responsible for general ledger maintenance review the general ledger on a monthly basis to determine if any funds have a deficit fund equity and to implement a deficit reduction plan when required.

Management's Response – Corrective Action Plan: The deficits will be resolved by increasing appropriations from the General Fund.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

<u>Preparation of the Financial Statements in Accordance</u> <u>with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles</u>

Finding 08-2

Specific Requirement: Establishment and maintenance of internal control over the financial reporting process as defined by Statement on Auditing Standards Number 112 requires management to prepare annual audit statements in accordance with GASB Statement Number 34. (Audit report format)

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance to the County that management reports financial statements (with GASB Statement number 34 formats) necessary to monitor and report annual financial activity without auditor intervention.

Condition: Auditor assists in preparation of financial statements and annual report in compliance with GASB 34.

Effect: The effect of this condition places a reliance on the independent auditor as part of the County's internal controls over financial reporting.

Cause: Change in application of auditing standards.

Recommendation: The County should consider subcontracting financial statement preparation activities to monitor and report annual financial activity in accordance with GASB Statement Number 34.

Planned Corrective Action: The County will consider preparing the financial statements internally, contracting this process or continuing to utilize the external auditors for reporting based on the results of a cost benefit analysis.

Contact Person(s) Responsible for Correction:
 Susan Rhode, County Clerk

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH STATE STATUTES

Revenue Sharing Reserve Distributions

Finding 08-3

Statement of Condition/Criteria: Public Act 357 of 2004 states that distributions from the revenue sharing reserve fund cannot exceed the calculated amount of state revenue sharing including an inflationary increase. As of June 30, 2008, the County transferred an amount in excess of the provisions of the Act by approximately \$600,000.

Effect: The County is not in compliance with Public Act 357.

Cause of Condition: Cash flow shortages during the fiscal year facilitated a transfer of funds.

Recommendation: The Act does allow advances from the revenue sharing reserve fund. The County should reclassify the excess distribution as an advance from the fund instead a transfer.

Management's Response – Corrective Action Plan: The County Treasurer will reclassify the appropriate amount and an advance from the revenue sharing reserve fund.

 Contact Person(s) Responsible for Correction: Patricia Bauer, Treasurer



ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

KINROSS OFFICE PHILLIP J. WOLF, CPA, PRINCIPAL SUE A. BOWLBY, CPA, PRINCIPAL KENNETH A. TALSMA, CPA, PRINCIPAL

MEMBER AICPA DIVISION FOR CPA FIRMS MEMBER MACPA OFFICES IN **MICHIGAN & WISCONSIN**

COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners County of Presque Isle, Michigan Rogers City, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Presque Isle, Michigan for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2008. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and Government Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated August 21, 2008, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the County of Presque Isle. considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the County of Presque Isle's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our tests was not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters on September 15, 2008.

Significant Accounting Policies

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the County of Presque Isle, Michigan are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

• Management's estimate of the depreciation expense based on estimated lives. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate in determine that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreement with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 2, 2008.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us as to determine the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Comments and Recommendations

The following is a summary of our observations with suggestions for improvements we believe should be brought to your attention. We noted no material matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and compliance, as reported in a separate letter in accordance with <u>Government Auditing</u> Standards of the basic financial statement audit report.

Child Care Fund (Prior Comment)

The County's shared child care fund contains numerous expenditure account numbers to track various kinds of salaries/wages and care. Although the accounts appear to be sufficient, the coding of the expenditures to the accounts at the voucher level is very inconsistent. As a result, one cannot reasonably compare expenditure totals in each account from one year to another.

The County remains responsible to ensure that the Child Care Fund is fairly and accurately stated. To ensure a consistent accounting treatment of Child Care Fund expenditures, the County should use a uniform chart of accounts and uniform coding procedures for the Fund.

Status: The Clerk is currently working on this.

DARE Fund (Prior Comment)

The DARE fund bank account is not recorded on the County general ledger. All funds utilizing the County's federal identification number should be recorded in the general ledger and the County treasurer should be an authorized signer on the account.

Status: The DARE accountant will provide a report to the Treasurer on a regular basis.

Personal Property Taxes (Prior Comment)

Currently, the County is not recording the amount of outstanding delinquent personal property taxes that are due to the County in the general ledger. It is recommended the County record the amount of outstanding delinquent personal property taxes in the general ledger of each fund that has a tax levy. The County should maintain subsidiary ledgers, which show the amount of delinquent personal property taxes owed by each taxing unit by individual tax year.

Status: Detail is maintained, however not recorded.

Form 1099's (Prior Comment)

It was noted that 1099's are recorded in the salary and wage line items. We recommend that only those paid with a W-2 be recorded in the salary and wage line items and those paid via 1099 be reported in a contractual services account in accordance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts (account number 801-831).

Status: No change.

Inmate Activity (Prior Comment)

During our review of the inmate activity, it was noted that the Sheriff's office maintains a bank account, which accounts for all activity of the County inmates. This bank account is not recorded on the County's general ledger. An enterprise fund, 'Sheriff Commissary Fund' should be established to account for the activity of the commissary. Also, a trust & agency fund should be established to account for the cash balance owed to the inmates. It is recommended that these funds be reconciled to the detailed report owed to inmates as well as the bank statement.

Status: No change.

County Development Commission (CDC) (Prior Comment)

The County loans money to various business around the County through the CDC. In order to improve controls over the repayments, the County should record loans receivable and deferred revenue on the general ledger of the County.

Status: Corrected.

Prosecutor Accounts

During 2006, the Prosecutor's office established two checking accounts without Board authorization. All bank accounts must be authorized by Board Resolution, list the County Treasurer as a signatory, and be recorded in the general ledger.

Status: The office will provide bank activity to the Treasurer and the Board will authorize accounts.

District Court Bond Account

The District Court Bond account is reconciled and posted each month, however it is not recorded on the County's general ledger. An Agency Fund should be established for this account in accordance with the State Chart of Accounts.

Conclusion

This information is intended solely for the use of the Finance Committee, Board of Commissioners and management of the County of Presque Isle and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to express our appreciation, as well as that of our staff for the excellent cooperation we received while performing the audit. If we can be of any further assistance, please contact us.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

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October 2, 2008